2026

GEOGRAPHY

(Major)

Paper : GGY4200304MJ

(Geography of North-East India)

Full Marks : 45

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions : 1×5=5

(a) Which river is the lifeline of North-East India?

(i) Ganga

(ii) Yamuna

(iii) Brahmaputra

(iv) Godavari

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(b) Which State is known as the Land of Rising Sun in India?

(i) Nagaland

(ii) Arunachal Pradesh

(iii) Mizoram

(iv) Tripura

(c) Which hill range separates India and Myanmar in the North-East?

(i) Aravalli

(ii) Vindhya

(iii) Patkai Hills

(iv) Western Ghats

(d) Which State is the smallest in North-East India?

(i) Sikkim

(ii) Tripura

(iii) Mizoram

(iv) Nagaland

(e) The Barak Valley is located in

(i) Meghalaya

(ii) Assam

(iii) Nagaland

(iv) Tripura

2. Answer the following questions (any *five*) : 2×5=10

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(a) Define Population Growth.

(b) State two factors affecting Population Growth.

(c) What is Shifting cultivation?

(d) Name two types of soil found in North-East India suitable for agriculture.

(e) Mention two challenges faced by industries in North-East India.

(f) Name two major coal-producing States in India.

(g) Mention two factors affecting coal production in India.

(h) Mention two challenges faced by road transport in North-East India.

(i) Name two types of traditional communication still used in remote regions.

(j) Name two States famous for rice cultivation in North-East India.

3. Answer the following questions (any *four*) : 5×4=20

(a) Discuss the physiographic division of N.E. India.

(b) Define pisciculture and explain its importance in India.

(c) Define soil and explain its importance in India.

(d) Describe the main types of agriculture practiced in North-East India.

(e) Explain the challenges faced by agriculture in North-East India.

(f) Discuss the main types of industries found in North-East India.

(g) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of shifting cultivation in hilly areas.

(h) Describe the challenges faced by communication system in hilly and remote areas.

4. Answer the following question (any *one*) : 10

(a) Explain the factors influencing the regional variation in religious composition.

(b) Describe the major rice-producing regions in India and their production patterns.

(c) Discuss the traditional methods and modern methods of rice farming.

(d) Describe the climate and soil requirements for tea cultivation.

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