2025

BOTANY

Paper: BOT0400204

(Morphology and Anatomy of Angiosperms

Full Marks: 45

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full ... for the questions

1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 5 = 5$

- In which type of inflorescence a thick (a) spathe is found?
- (b) Which is the only living component of xylem?
- What type of stomata is found in (c) xerophytic plants?
- What is a leaf primordium? (d)
- (e) What is tylosis in plants?

- 2. Explain the following (any five): $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - Differences between dry dehiscent and dry indehiscent fruit
 - Differences between heartwood and sapwood
 - Differences between simple pits and bordered pits
 - Differences between root hairs and stem hairs
 - Differences between rhytidome lenticels
 - Kranz anatomy
 - Dendrochronology Poueuy *
 - Epicuticular waxes
 - Cyathium inflorescence
 - Exodermis
- 3. Answer any four of the following: $5 \times 4 = 20$
 - Write how morphological characters are helpful in classification of plants.
 - Discuss about the different types of epidermal outgrowth.

- What is pharmacognosy? Discuss the application of anatomy in pharmacognosy.
- What is meristematic tissue? How are they classified?
- Discuss the anatomy of dicot stem. How is it different from that of a monocot?
- Describe the role of polarity in plant Calleye Libra development.

Give of anatomical account adaptation of hydrophytes.

Give an account of the tunica-corpus theory of shoot apex.

- 10 4. Answer any one of the following questions:
 - What is Telome theory? Explain the theory with suitable diagram. Mention 2+6+2=10 its significance.
 - What is cambium? How is it involved in seasonal activity and secondary growth in dicot plants? Explain. 2+8=10

- (c) What is vascular bundle? Describe the different types of vascular bundle with diagram. 2+8=10
- (d) What are Ergastic substances? Give an account of various Ergastic substances found in plants. 2+8=10