Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-4/CBCS) BOT HC 1

BOTANY

(Honours Core)

Paper: BOT-HC-4016.

(Molecular Biology

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Give short answers of the following: 1. 9 3 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 5 W 1×7=7

- What is gene silencing? (a)
- Define nucleosome. (b)
- Who proposed the Central Dogma (c) theory?
- (d) What is alternative splicing?
- Which genetic code is called as start (e) codon ?

- Name the bond which is formed (f)between t-RNA and amino acid.
- Which type of RNA polymerase synthesizes mRNA in eukaryotes?
- Answer the following questions briefly: $2 \times 4 = 8$
 - Distinguish between exon and intron. (a)
 - What do you mean by Okazaki
 - "Genetic Code is degenerate." Justify the statement.
- Justify to.

 Justify to.

 (d) What are the constitutive a.

 Swer any the cons: What are the differences between and facultative
 - Answer any three of the following $5 \times 3 = 15$
 - Discuss the role of different enzymes in DNA replication.
 - Is mitochondrial inheritance part of Mendelian inheritance? Mention the salient features of mitochondrial DNA.
 - Write the properties of genetic code. (c)

- (d) Distinguish between purine and pyrimidine.
- Write the salient features of Watson and Crick model of DNA.
- Answer the following questions: (any three) $10 \times 3 = 30$
 - (a) Describe the mechanism of protein synthesis in prokaryotes. Point out the role of different RNAs in this process. 7+3=10
 - Give a comparative account on the Trp operon and Lac operon for the
- (c) Give a detailed note on the chief antibiotics which inhibit protein synthesis. How is transcription regulated?

 (d) Discuss +1
 - veuy * Nagenetic material'. 5+5=10
 - Why is semi-conservative mode of DNA replication essential for genetic stability? With labelled diagram, describe semi-conservative replication 3+7=10process of DNA.

3

(f) Write an account on the following:

5×2=10

Structure of prokaryotic RNA
polymerase

(ii) Structure of t-RNA during

translation

metabolism of tryptophan and lactuse