2017

PHYSICS

(Major)

Paper : 6.4

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

GROUP-A

(Statistical Mechanics)

- 1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 4 = 4$
 - State ergodic hypothesis. (a)
 - What is phase space?
 - What is degeneracy of an energy level? (c)
 - Name one particle which can be (d) described by antisymmetric function.
- Answer the following questions: 3×4=12
 - Explain the conditions of validity of (a) classical and quantum mechanics.
 - Derive Boltzmann entropy relation. (b)

(Turn Over)

(b)

- (c) Explain Fermi energy and Fermi temperature.
- (d) Write a short note on 'degeneracy factor'.
- **3.** Answer any two of the following: $7 \times 2 = 14$
 - (a) Derive Maxwell's velocity distribution law using Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics.
 - (b) Derive the probability of distribution in the three statistics.
 - (c) Explain BE condensation using BE statistics.

GROUP-B

(Computer Applications)

- 4. How will you write the following in FORTRAN-95 or C or C++? 2×3=6
 - (a) (i) i is an integer variable whose value is assigned as 3.
 - (ii) j is a floating-point variable whose value is assigned as 2.9 and verify whether i is equal to j.
 - (b) (i) Declare k as an integer variable whose value is not equal to $0(k \neq 0)$.
 - (ii) Assign n equal to 5 as an integer and then increment as well as decrement n.

- (c) Use logical 'AND' and logical 'OR' operator signs for the following:
 - (i) if (error > 0.01 'AND' count < 100)
 - (ii) if (i > 2 'OR' j < 1)
- 5. Write down the FORTRAN-95 or C or C++
 equivalent forms for the following
 expressions:

 1×4=4

(a)
$$Y = x \tan^{-1} x + \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} \right)$$

- $(b) \quad Z = \sqrt{\cos x^2 2x^2}$
- $(c) \quad p = \log x^2 + |x|$
- (d) $y^2 + 10x^9 e^{\log x^2}$
- 6. Answer either (a) or (b):

(a) Write a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to find the solution of the following simultaneous linear equations with known coefficients a, b, c, p, q, r:

$$ax + by = c$$
$$px + qy = r$$

Take the coefficients of the two equations as input, develop algorithm to evaluate unknown x and y. 3+2=5

(Turn Over)

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- (b) Write down the flowchart and a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to find the greatest of the three given integers a, b, c. 2+3=5
- 7. Answer either (a) or (b):

5

- (a) Write a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to generate the exponential series e^x and find its sum. 4+1=5
- (b) Write a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to compute the roots of the following quadratic equation:

$$3x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$

Examine whether roots are real or imaginary. 4+1=5

8. Answer either (a) or (b):

10

(a) (i) Write down different steps required to develop the algorithm for numerical solution of a first-order differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x+y}$$

in the interval [1, 1·2] having initial value $y = 1 \cdot 4$ at x = 1 and step size $h = 0 \cdot 2$.

- (ii) Using Runge-Kutta fourth-order method, write down a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to compute numerical solution of the equation.
- (iii) Estimate the approximate error in such method from the given data.

 3+5+2=10
- (b) (i) Write down the general mathematical form needed to compute the approximate numerical solution of a finite size integral $I = \int_a^b f(x) dx$ using Simpson's one-third rule.
 - (ii) What is the degree of interpolating polynomial used to evaluate numerical integration?
 - (iii) Using Simpson's one-third rule, write a program in either FORTRAN-95 or C or C++ to find numerical solution of the integral for N = 20; $I = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$.
